

# Lec 18 Cauchy's Integral Formula

Let  $f(z)$  be analytic in a simply connected domain  $D$ ,

then for any point  $z_0$  in  $D$  and any simple closed path  $C$  in  $D$  that encloses  $z_0$

$$\oint_C \frac{f(z)}{z - z_0} dz = 2\pi i f(z_0)$$

EX

$$\oint_C \frac{e^z}{z - 2} dz$$

where  $C$  is

- (a) any contour that encloses  $z_0 = 2$
- (b) any contour that does not contain  $z_0 = 2$

Sol

$$(a) = 2\pi i e^2 = (0) + (46.43)i$$

(b) By Cauchy's integral theorem  
 $= 0$ .

Ex

$$\oint_C \frac{z^3 - 6}{2z - i} dz$$

$$= \oint_C \frac{(z^3 - 6)/2}{z - i/2} dz$$

$$= 2\pi i (z^3 - 6)/2 \Big|_{z=i/2} = \frac{\pi}{8} - 6\pi i$$

if  $C$  contains  $z_0 = i/2$

otherwise  $= 0$ .

Exercise — 4 separate parts.

Integrate  $\frac{z^2 + 1}{z^2 - 1}$  around  $a, b, c, i$

