

# *MA-111 Mathematics for Finance*

## *Tutorial Sheet 1*

- 1) Find the simple interest on €35 for 18 months at 12% per annum.
- 2) Express August 17 to December 8 in years for computing
  - a) ordinary interest and
  - b) exact interest
- 3) Find the ordinary interest by the 6% for 60 days method of €2,880 at 5½% for 40 days.
- 4) If the exact interest is €5.04, find the ordinary interest.
- 5) At what interest rate will €360 yield €27 in 2½ years?
- 6) €1000 is deposited on 7<sup>th</sup> April at 6% simple interest, and the money is withdrawn on 22<sup>nd</sup> November. Find the interest earned on each of the following bases:
  - a) the exact length of time of the deposit as a proportion of a (non-leap) year;
  - b) ordinary simple interest (counting 30 days for each month);
  - c) the Bankers' Rule.
- 7) What is the present value of €1000 due in two years if the money is worth 7%? How much is the simple discount?
- 8) On April 25<sup>th</sup>, 2000, Gloria South borrowed €4000 at 4% interest. She paid €1000 on June 24<sup>th</sup>, €500 on July 24<sup>th</sup>, €5 on August 23<sup>rd</sup>, and €2000 on September 22<sup>nd</sup>. Find the balance due November 21<sup>st</sup>, 2000 by the Merchants' Rule and by the United States Rule.
- 9) €500 is borrowed at 5% simple interest. The loan is to be repaid in 3 equal instalments due in 3 months, 6 months and 9 months. Find the size of each payment, if the comparison date is i) in 9 months and ii) now.
- 10) When will a single payment of €2200 discharge the debts of a) €500 due in four months, b) €1000 due in six months, and c) €650 due in eight months? Assume the money is worth 9%.