Noise and Bistability in the Square Root Map

Eoghan J. Staunton, Petri T. Piiroinen



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June 2018 1 / 18

Noise and Nonsmoothness in Dynamical Systems

Both noise and nonsmoothness have been shown to independently be the drivers of significant changes in qualitative behaviour.

- Nonsmooth systems qualitative changes in the behavior of the system under parameter variation that do not occur in the smooth setting.
- Adding noise to (smooth) systems does more than just blur the outcome of the system in the absence of noise

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The Square Root Map

Many impacting systems, including rattling gears, moored boats impacting docks, Braille printers, percussive drilling and atomic force microscopes are described by a 1-D map known as the square root map near *grazing* impacts.





Deriving the map from the full system

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The Period Adding Cascade

Here we will assume that the parameter b (the slope of the linear part) is such that 0 < b < 1=4. For values of b in this range the deterministic square root map undergoes a period-adding cascade with intervals of bistability as the bifurcation parameter is decreased.



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These periodic orbits take the form $(RL^m)^7$ for m = 1/2/3/... This means they consist of one iterate on the right (> 0) followed by m iterates on the left (< 0).

Riddled Basins of Attraction

On regions of bistability the basins of attraction of the two periodic attractors have a complex *riddled* structure.

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The Square Root Map With Additive Noise

In [SHK13] Simpson, Hogan and Kuske show that white noise in the piecewise smooth ow translates to additive white noise in the square ro map. This noise formulation may be sensible to model systems where the forcing term or external uctuations represent a signi cant source of uncertainty.

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The square root map with additive Gaussian white noise is given by

$$x_{n+1} = S_a(x_n) = \begin{pmatrix} + bx_n + n & \text{if } x_n < 0 \\ a^p \overline{x_n} + n & \text{if } x_n & 0; \end{pmatrix}$$
(1)

where $_n$ are identically distributed independent normal random variables with mean 0 and standard deviation , $_n$ N (0; ²).

Noisy Bifurcation Diagrams

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Noise Amplitude and Proportions of Periodic Behaviour

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Threshold Noise Amplitudes

Basins and Steady State Distributions

Primary basins:

Steady-State s:

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Basins and Steady State Distributions

Primary basins:

Steady-State s:

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Basins and Steady State Distributions

Primary basins:

Steady-State s:

We consider threshold values of = D = . gives us some measure of how likely it is for noise to push the dynamics out of the basin of attraction.

Threshold Values

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Inducing Bistability

We have previously seen that noise of an appropriate amplitude also has the potential to induce bistability in regions close to, but outside, intervals of bistability.

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In the numerical simulations we have found that noise-induced transition from period-3 to period-2 behaviour in regions where period-2 behaviou unstable display certain similarities. In particular, we have observed that the transitions tend to take the following symbolic form

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$$RLLRLL:::RLLRLRRL RL:::RLRL: (2)$$

The signi cant feature of the symbolic representation of the transition above is the repeate **R**, corresponding to repeated iteration on the right-hand side of the square root map, i.e. repeated low-velocity impact in the physical system.

We note that the set of initial values that are on the right which remain on the right after iteration by the deterministic square root map are giver by the interval

$$A_{RR} = 0; (=a)^2$$
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We also note that the last left iterate of the period-3 orbit is very close to 0 for values of close to the interval of multistability.

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We also note that the last left iterate of the period-3 orbit is very close to 0 for values of close to the interval of multistability.

Therefore, it is not hard to see that noise has the potential to push the last left iterate of a period-3 orbit into A_{RR} inducing repeated R's or repeated grazing impacts.

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Conclusions

- Additive noise has a complex nonmonotonic effect on the proportion of iterates spent in coexisting periodic behaviours on intervals of bistability.
- Noise can
 - significantly shift the proportion of iterates spent in each behaviour
 - effectively destroy one of the attractors
- The relationship observed is highly dependent on the value of the bifurcation parameter .
- We can explain these relationships by examining how the steady-state distributions associated with periodic orbits interact with their basins of attraction.
- Additive noise has the potential to induce bistability outside such intervals.
- The effect of the addition of noise on intervals of bistability of increasing minimal periodic orbit obeys a scaling law.

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